I. HIGHLIGHTS/KEY PRIORITIES

- 7.6 RS earthquake struck off the coast of Padang in West Sumatra on 30 September at 5.16 p.m.
- BNPB reported 715 dead; thousands trapped under damaged buildings
- About 2,400 people injured; about 20,000 houses heavily damaged
- Padang and Pariaman are the worst affected areas
- Government of Indonesia (GoI) is leading the emergency response
- Increased international humanitarian response, including deployment of SAR
- GoI announce two months emergency phase, and welcome international assistance
- 7.0 RS earthquake struck in Jambi province on 1 October; one person dead; 26 injured; 719 houses damaged

II. Situation Overview

Following the 7.6 RS earthquake in West Sumatra on 30 September, the National Disaster Management Agency (BNPB) reported 715 deaths with the most casualties reported in Padang. Search and rescue teams have been deployed; BNPB said heavy equipment and SAR is a priority. The number of casualties is expected to increase. BNPB reported about 2,400 people injured and 20,000 houses and buildings heavily damaged. Ministry of Health fear as many as 3,000 people may still be trapped under rubble. The number of IDPs at this time is unknown. Initial Rapid assessments are underway and will provide a clearer picture of the number of fatalities, injured, displaced and the damage. Electricity and communication has not been restored.

The affected areas are: Padang City; Pariaman City; Padang Pariaman District; Pesisir Selatan district; Pasaman Barat district; Agam district; Solok district; Solok City. The earthquake was felt in five additional provinces: North Sumatra, Bengkulu, Riau, Lampung and Jakarta.

Several roads are blocked by debris from landslides. The route to Padang Pariaman from Padang is cut off.

On 1 October, a 7.0 RS earthquake struck 46 kilometres southeast of Sungai Penuh in Jambia province at a depth of 10 km. Ministry of Health reported that one person died; 26 injured; and 719 houses damaged.

An UNDAC team has arrived in Padang to support the coordination of the International Search and Rescue (SAR) Teams. Victims are still being recovered from rubble.

III. Humanitarian Needs and Response

Needs

According to operating partners in the field, immediate needs include: medical supplies and personnel; hygiene kits; soap; petrol; generators; heavy equipment and personnel for SAR efforts; food items, WASH and emergency shelters and jerry cans. Education and post-traumatic counseling is also a priority.

National

GoI is leading the emergency response. Any assistance provided by the humanitarian community is to complement the efforts of the Government.

BNPB has set up a command post in the city of Padang and provided Rapid Response Team, IDR 5 billion (US$ 500,000.00), 200 platoon tents, 300 family tents, 1,000 folded tents, 10 units of generators, 4,600
mosquito nets, 5,000 blankets, 5,000 sleeping mats, 100 packages of kidsware, 100 packages of clothes, IDR 200 million (US$ 20,000.00) of operational costs, 1.5 tons of medicines, 200 body bags, 5 tons of infant food, 3 tons of food and 196 personnel (including 75 medics, 60 paramedics, 5 health workers).

The Health Crisis Centre of West Sumatera has deployed/distributed a field hospital, while the Health Crisis Centre of North Sumatera has deployed/distributed medicine, 100 body bags, 30 boxes of baby food, 3 oxygen tanks, 3 ambulances and 1 operational car. The Health Crisis Centre of South Sumatera has deployed/distributed medicines, 60 boxes of baby food, 20 body bags, 1 ambulance, 1 mobile clinic, and 2 operational cars. The national Health Ministry, in partnership with WHO has deployed 200 medical personnel. Bengkulu province has sent medicines and an ambulance.

The Indonesian Red Cross (PMI) sent a team of 10 medical personnel (orthopaedic surgeons, general practitioners, nurses), two staff for restoring family links, two staff for water and sanitation, two psychology staff, and 220 volunteers. PMI further provided 2.5 ton of drugs and food parcels; baby food, 1,000 tarpaulins, 5,000 sarongs, and 5,000 blankets.

The IBU Foundation and Wanadri sent a team of 12-15 people to conduct an assessment and will set up a base camp in Pariaman.

International

SAR

A number of international SAR teams have arrived in Padang to support the government, including: Qatar, United Arab Emirates, Singapore, Australia, Germany, Turkey, Korea, Switzerland, Japan, Hungary and Russia. In addition to personnel a number countries have provided emergency relief items; technical support; IT equipment; medicine; equipment.

The Swiss USAR team has set up a Reception Centre at the airport to assist local authorities with managing the arrival of international relief teams.

International Government Assistance

China has provided IDR4,8 billion (US$ 500,000). China Red Cross has provided IDR 481 million (US$ 50,000).

Norwegian Government pledged between NOK 10 and 20 million (US $ 2,500,000.00)

European Union pledged € 4million to support.

Brazil provided non-food items.

The Singapore Government will provide US$50,000 worth of emergency relief supplies, including temporary shelters, blankets and medicines, to Indonesia.

United States has released US $ 300,000 for immediate assistance; and an additional US $3 million has been set aside once the initial assessment is complete. US military aircraft is transporting some SAR teams and food items.

Spanish Agency for International Development Cooperation has a plane, medical supplies and personnel on standby.

AusAid sent a four person team to Padang and distributed: family kits, medical kits, tents, blankets and tarpaulins. AusAid has offered support to BNPB including: US $175,000 for transportation and logistics and US $ 86,000 for food and water. Also, AusAID approved up to US $86,000 out of pre-positioned funds to support IFRC in mobilising PMI volunteers to conduct emergency response operations. AusAID will provide US $215,000 in funds to Muhammadiyah to expand programs.
Canada is providing an initial contribution of US $45,000 to the IFRC Disaster Relief Emergency Fund (DREF) in support of the IFRC DREF operation/assessment in West Sumatra

*International/National NGO Assistance*

THE JOHANNITER International Assistance, a German organization with a base in Medan sent a team to Padang on 1 October. Emergency kits and tents have been deployed from Germany.

World Vision sent a convoy of trucks carrying emergency survival kits; food; clean water; play equipment for children.

Medical Teams International (MTI) sent an assessment team to Padang; medical teams and medicines.

YAKKUM Emergency Unit deployed initial relief materials along with a medical team to Pariaman along with hundreds of blankets, tents and personal hygiene kits.

CWS deployed two trucks of emergency aid, containing: 434 plastic mats, 1000 blankets, 131 (5x7) tarps, 133 (5x4) tarps, 200 family tents, 58 buckets of relief kit, and 1,357 baby kits.

MAF (Mission Aviation Fellowship) has two aircraft to transport MAF assessment team and relief workers from Operation Blessing International (OBI) to Padang.

*United Nations*

Preliminary assistance provided by the UN include: health kits; WASH; school tents; hygiene kits; maternity kits; post-delivery kits; heavy lifting equipment. Assistance provided by UNFPA, WFP, UNICEF, WHO.

### IV. Coordination

Coordination meeting for rapid assessment and ECB joint needs assessment at Mercy Corps: 07:00, 2 October.

OCHA is coordinating the first UN/NGO/Donor Coordination Meeting to be held in Padang, at the house of the Mayor: 18:00, 2 October.

The UNDAC team (9 persons) has been deployed and they have already met with Vice-Governor of West Sumatra.

BNPB will set up desks for BNPB Secretariat at the airport in Padang.

OCHA will set up a desk at the airport Minangkabau and OCHA has set up a coordination desk in West Sumatera POSKO in the Governor residence.

### VI. Contact

Please contact:
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*The mission of the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA) is to mobilize and coordinate effective and principled humanitarian action in partnership with national and international actors.*
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Laksmita Noviera, Humanitarian Affairs/Communication Officer
noviera@un.org, +62 811 840 820

Government:

BNPB contact point for transporting goods from Jakarta to West Sumatera:

Halim Airport : Mr. Yolak 0813 8811 7181
Tanjung Priok seaport: Mr. Suwignyo 0816 1165 980 (takes two to three days to reach Padang seaport)

INGOs and other humanitarian actors who have difficulty in transporting relief assistance can contact them, but they will prioritize goods to be delivered based on the urgency of needs.